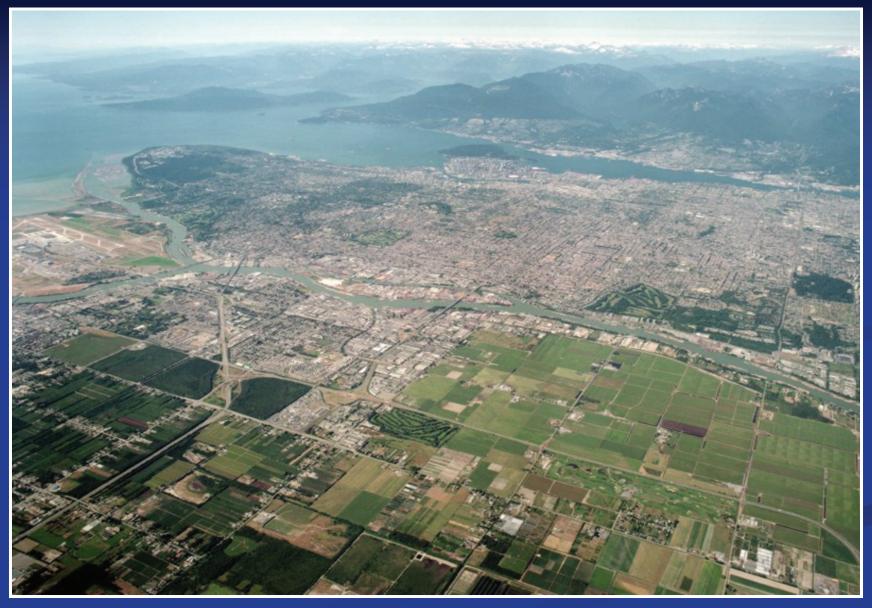
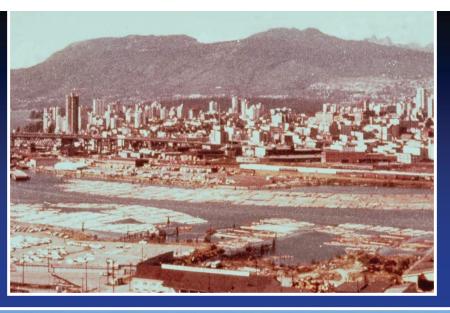
### Sustainable Suburbs



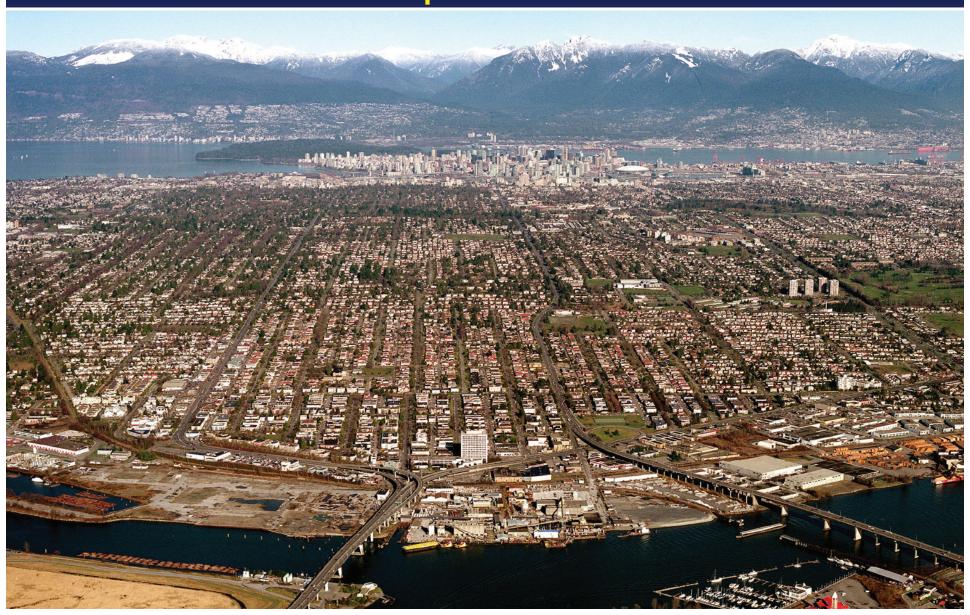
Dr. Ann McAfee, City Choices Consulting

# Vancouver Story: Downtown Transformation





## Planning Suburban Vancouver City – 25 square miles













# Increasing Housing Choice in Low Density Neighbourhoods

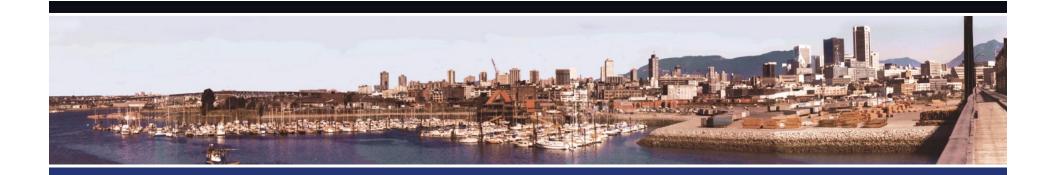
■ The Context for Suburban Change – 1980s-90s

Three Steps to Sustainable Suburbs

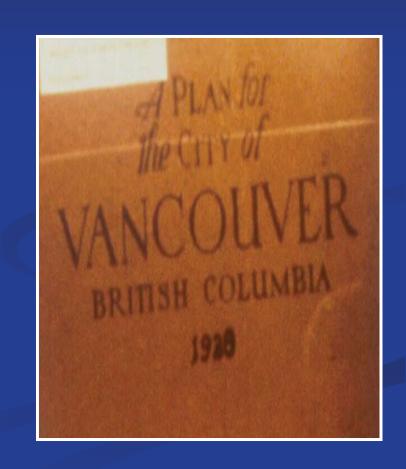
Lessons Learned

### 1990s Central Area Redeveloping: Where Next?





Context:
In 1990 Vancouver's
City-wide Plan
60 Years Old



### 70% Vancouver City Single Family Housing





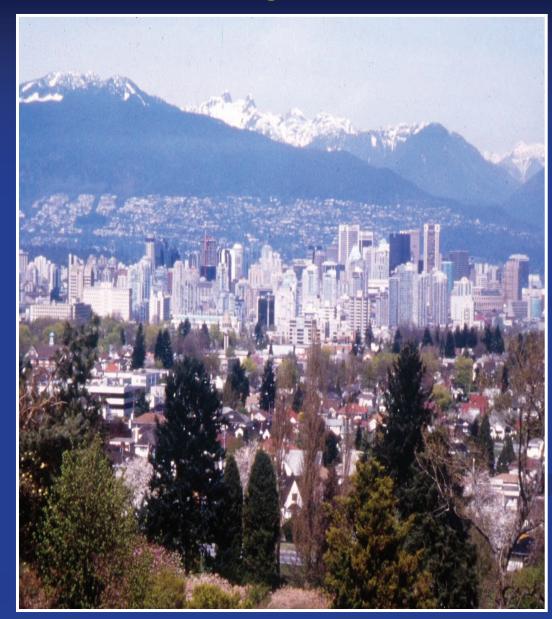




### Suburban 1920s Planning Policies

### Separate land uses

- Downtown Jobs
- Suburbs Housing
- Increase Travel Costs,Pollution, UnderUtilized Services



### Context 1990s: Single-Family Areas

 Residents Value Single-Family Neighbourhoods
 Resist Physical Change.

### Social Change Happening

- Changing Demographics
- Concerns
  - Housing Affordability
  - Commuting Costs





### Big Houses Replace Small Homes









NIMBY

Not In My Backyard

NOPE

- Not On Planet Earth

CAVE

Citizens Against Virtually

**Everything** 

BANANA

- Build Absolutely Nothing

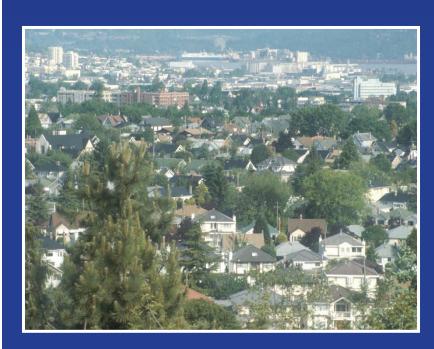
Anywhere Near Anything

**NIMTOO** 

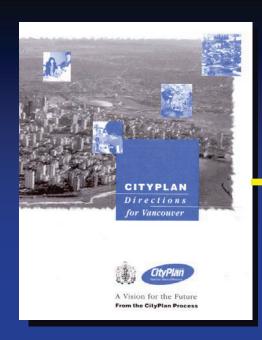
Not In My Term Of Office

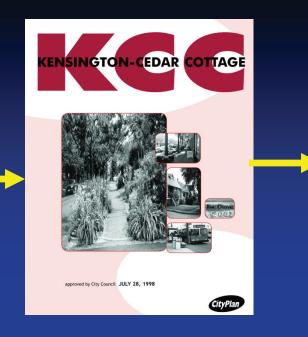


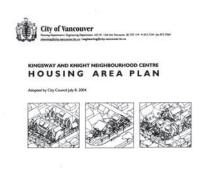
# Three Steps Over 10 years to Rezoning the Suburbs with Community Support











**Neighbourhood Centre** 

### CityPlan

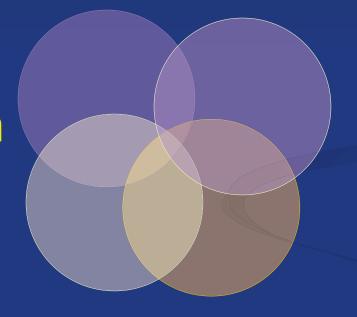
3 Year Process to Update the City's Plan

- Vancouver CityPlan
- Community Visions (Area Plans)
- Neighbourhood Centres Program

### CityPlan: Many Topics

Housing

**Transportation** 

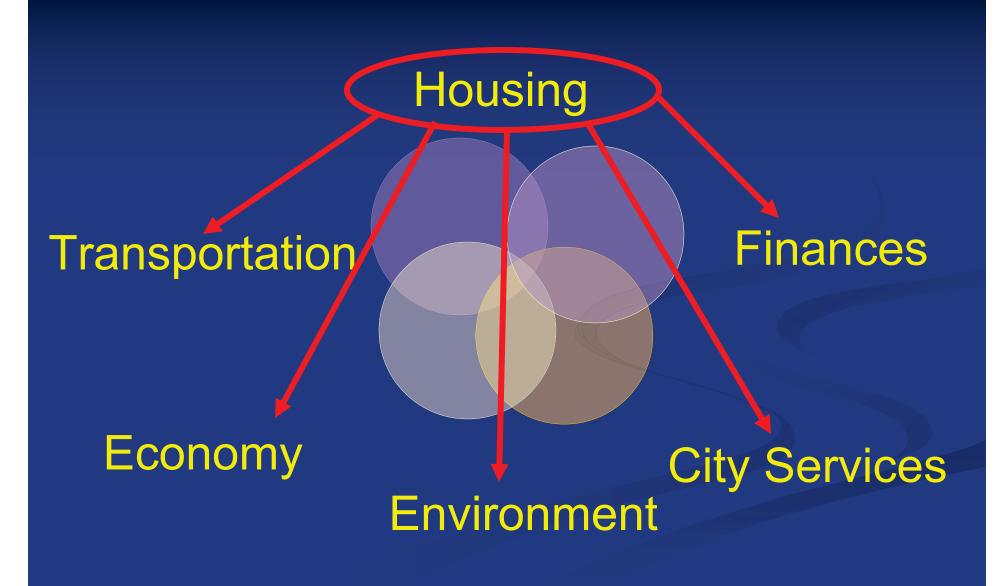


**Finances** 

**Economy** 

City Services
Environment

### **Presentation Focus**















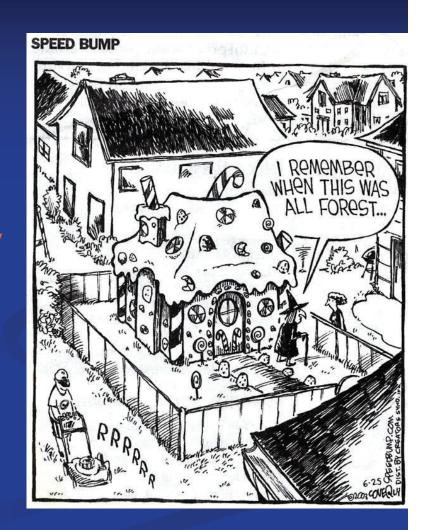
Many ways to participate Different approaches for different stakeholders

#### CityPlan Process 1993 - 1995 Broad Public Advice on Vancouver's Future



#### Ideas for Suburban Vancouver

- Preserve Single-Family Neighbourhoods
- Increase Housing Variety
- More/different Services
- Lower Taxes
- Build More Roads
- Encourage walking, biking, and transit use



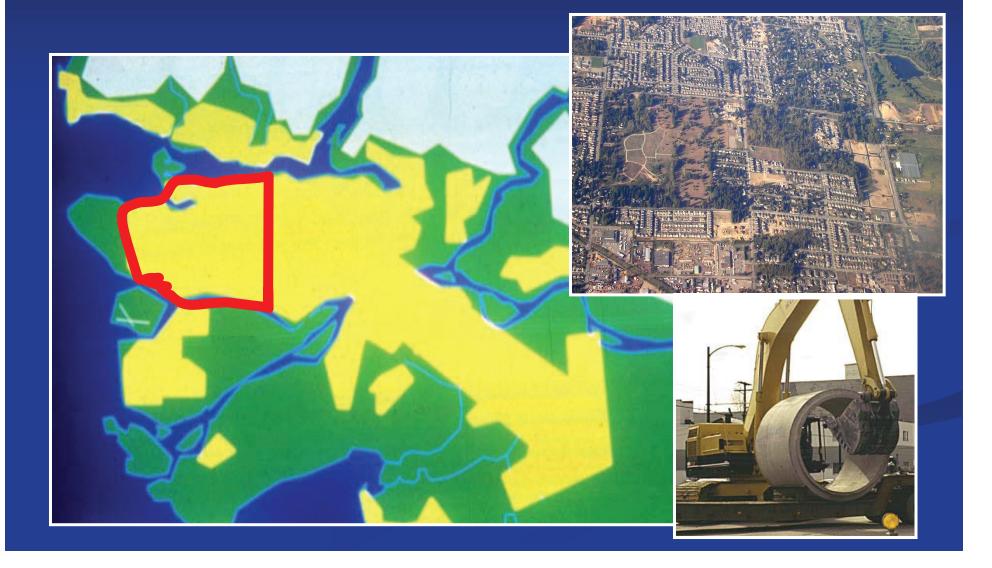
### CityPlan Process Key Ingredient: Public Addresses Difficult Choices



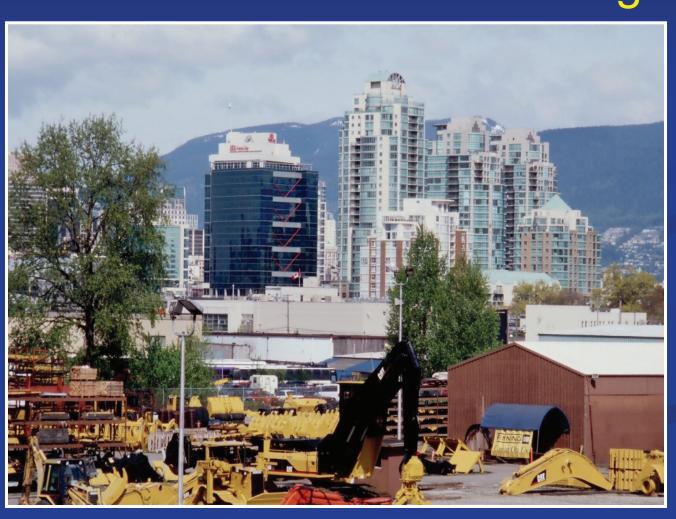
### Choices Workbook

Housing Choices	Consequences	How Do?
1. Limit Growth in City.	<ul><li>Maintains Existing</li><li>Neighbourhoods</li><li>Cost new services</li><li>Loss farm lands</li></ul>	Develop Existing Capacity Minimize Rezoning in City
2. Continue to Redevelop Industrial Lands for Housing.	<ul> <li>Maintains Existing</li> <li>Neighbourhoods</li> <li>Reduces</li> <li>Employment</li> <li>Opportunities</li> </ul>	Rezone Industrial lands for housing
3. Increase density in single family areas.	<ul><li>Changes to</li><li>Neighbourhoods</li><li>Maintains job</li><li>opportunities</li></ul>	Rezone Single Family areas for suites, infill, multiple housing

# Housing Choice 1 Growth to Region: Keep City Neighbourhoods (Loss of Farm Lands, Increase Servicing Costs)



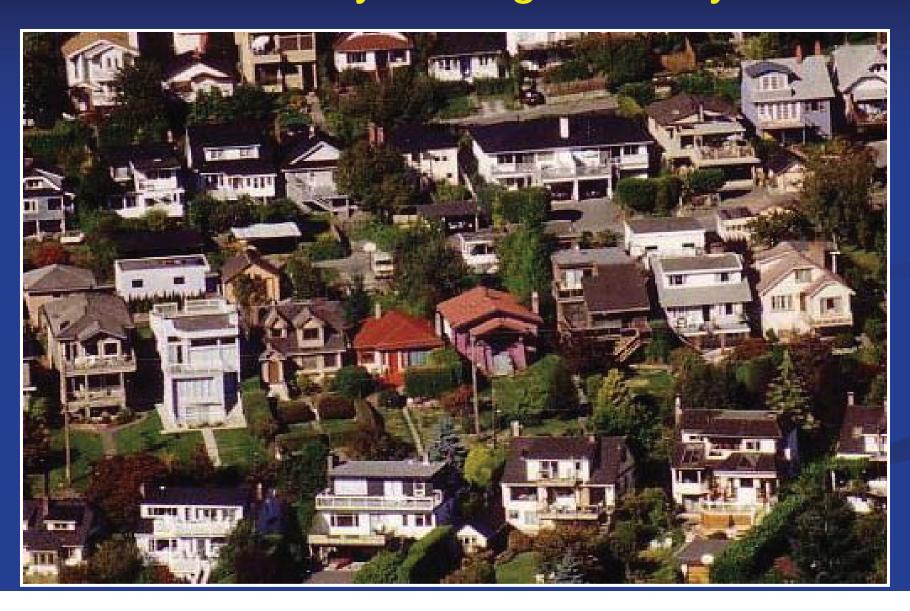
# Choice 2 Continue to Redevelop Industrial Lands for Housing



## Economic Sustainability Keep Employment Areas



## Choice 3 Increase Density in Single-Family areas



# Housing Recommendations 80 % Prefer & Council Approved Choice 3:

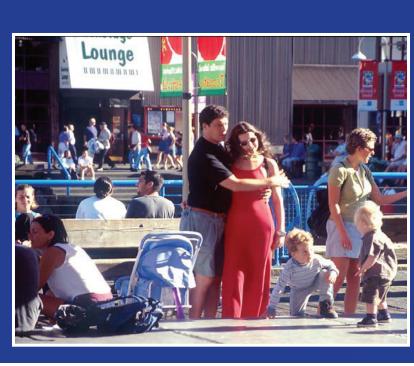


- Increase Housing Choice in Single Family Areas
- (Provided) Growth Pays for New Services

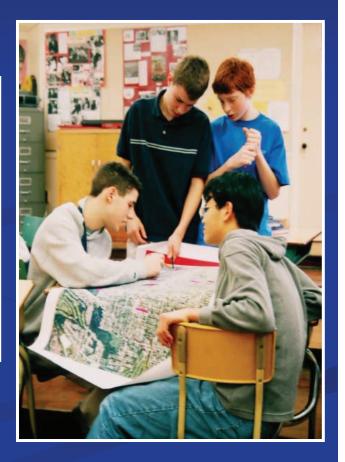




# Why Did Communities Support Change?

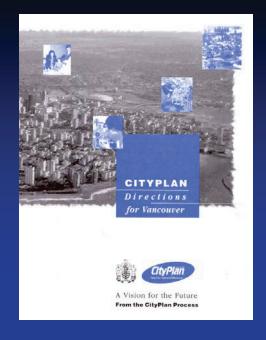






## Making CityPlan Happen

- Develop Community
   Plans to add Housing
   Choice & Services
- Develop Financing Growth Strategy
- Continue to involve people in planning and delivery of CityPlan





#### CityPlan Participants

+100,000 participants

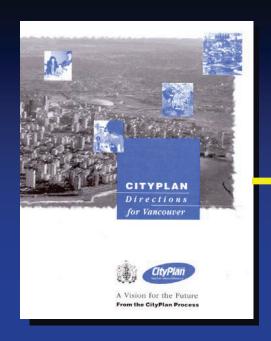
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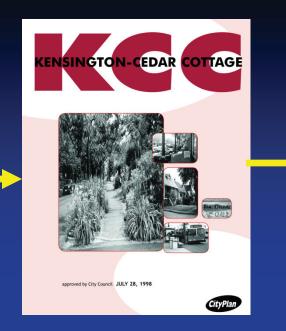
40%

households



Become Implementation Supporters For Adding Housing Choice in "SF" Neighbourhoods







**Neighbourhood Centre** 

#### **Process**

18 Months

Per Area Plan

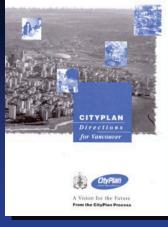
- 1. Vancouver CityPlan
- Community Visions (Area Plans)
- 3. Neighbourhood Centres Program



### CityPlan Sets Context for Area Plans:

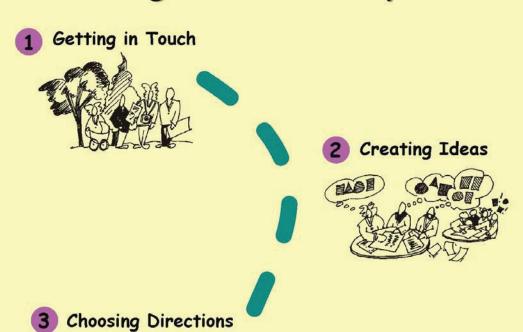
- Add Housing Capacity and Choice
- Jobs and Services close to home Minimize Travel
- Efficient Use of Existing Services. Minimize sprawl.







#### Creating Your Community Vision



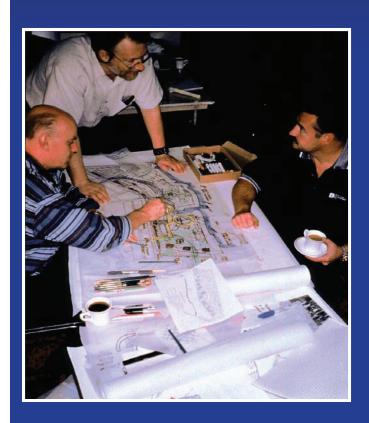






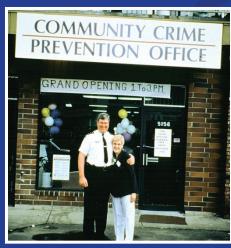
### Planning Process 18 Months

# Community Recommends Priorities for Local Services











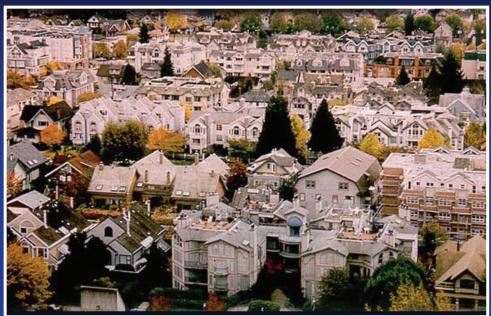
## Residents Review Housing Needs



Type of Household	1991 Existing*	2021 Estimated	Change
First Households 15 - 24 years; mainly singles, couples, or sharing	130	105	-25
Established Couples and Singles 25 - 54 years; no children	1325	1115	-210
Families with Children 25 - 54 years; with children at home	2810	2400	-410
Mature Households over 55 years; mainly no children, or have left home	2465	4660	+2195
Total Households	6730	8280	+1550

# Community Identifies Opportunities to Increase Housing Choice to Meet their Needs

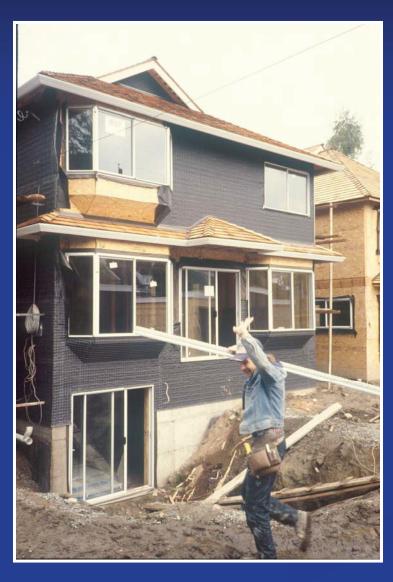
- Suites
- Infill Vacant Sites
- Redevelop Sites with Redundant Uses
- C-2 Housing Above Shops
- Create/ImproveNeighbourhood Centers







# Secondary Suites Permitted in all RS-1 Areas

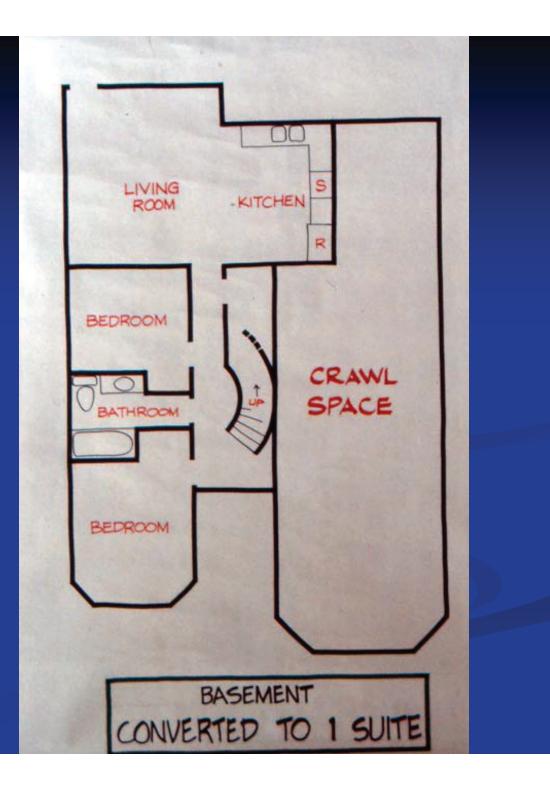




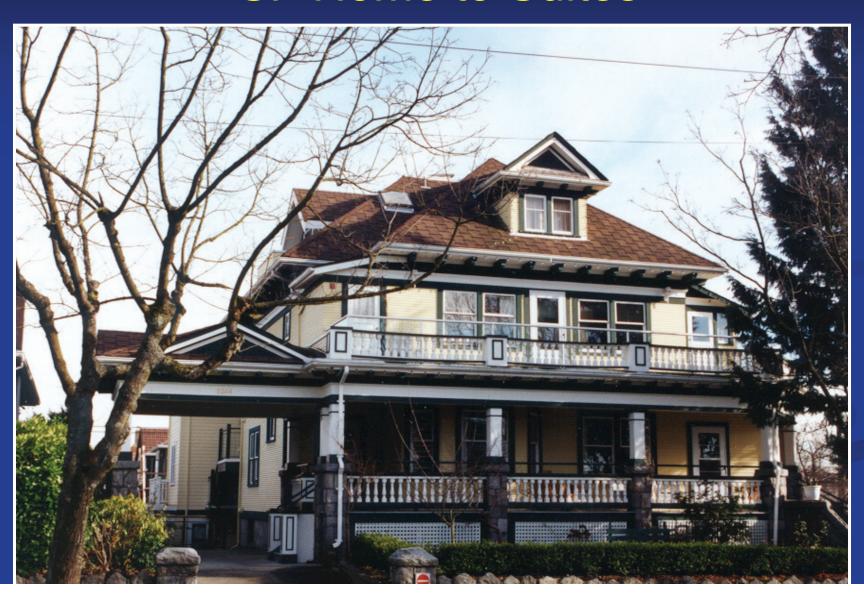


"Mortgage Helpers"

Main Unit
Plus
One Suite is
now Legal



# Multi-Family Conversion SF Home to Suites

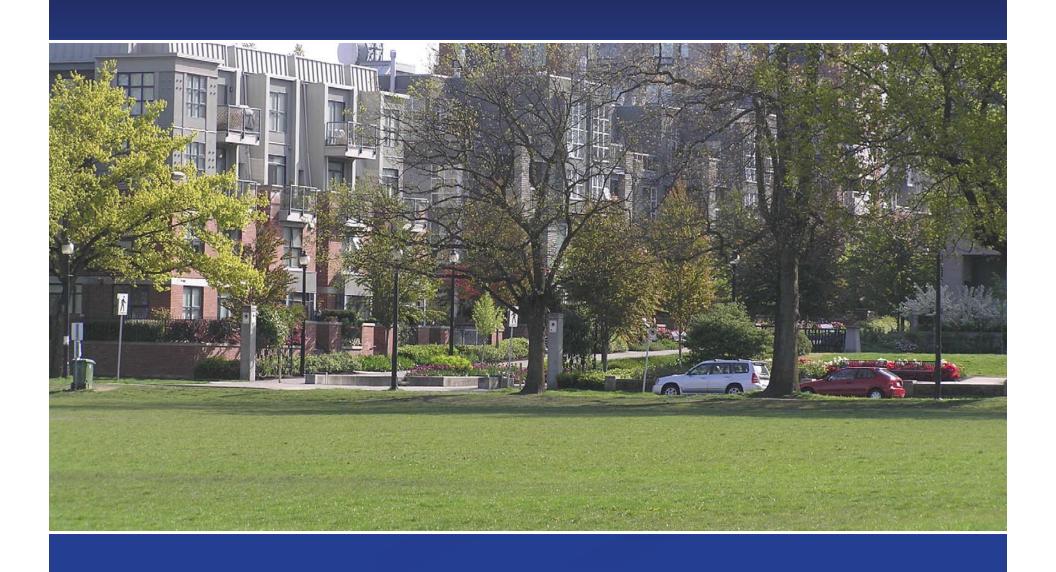




### Redevelop Abandoned Sites: Gas Stations



## New Housing Near Parks

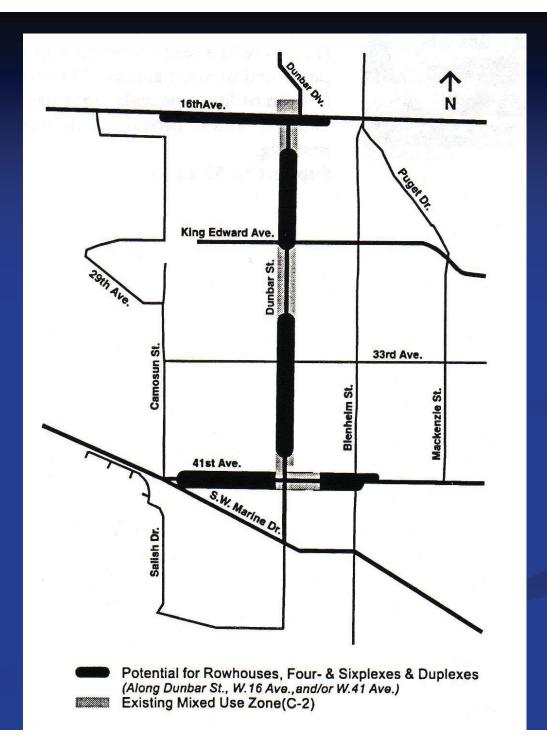


## Support for Seniors' Housing



# New Housing Opportunities

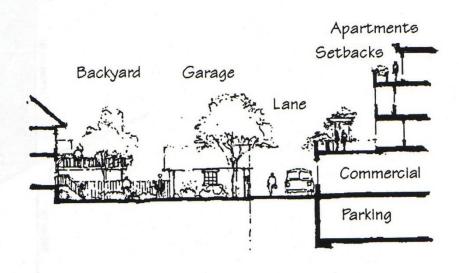
Row Houses, C-2 Mixed Use Along Shopping Streets



### Improved C-2 Housing Above Shops



Better mixed use design: upper setbacks, breaking up scale, small shops, awnings



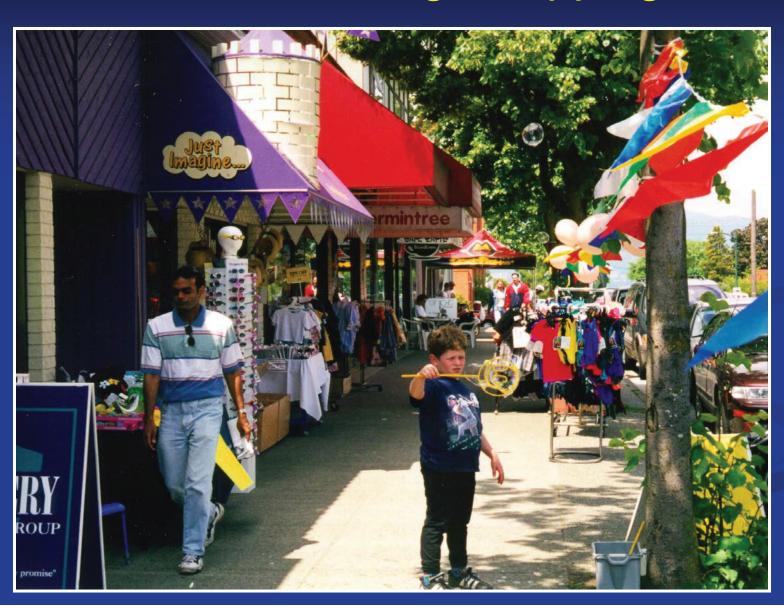
Setbacks at the rear: less impact on neighbours at rear

Front "N" Zoning: Construction meets acoustic standards to reduce street noise

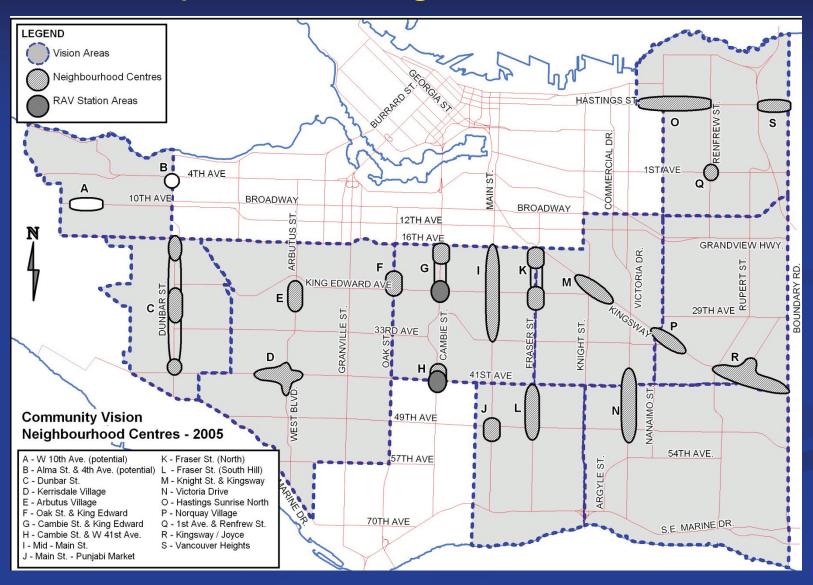
Rear Setbacks reduce Impact on Neighbours

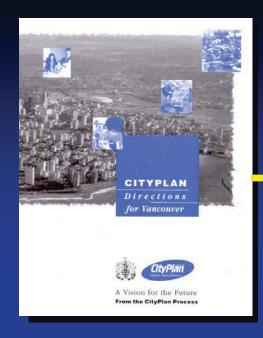


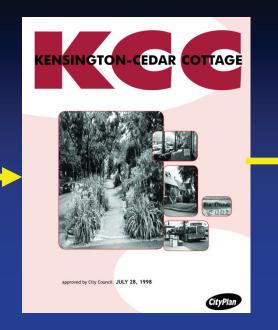
## Neighbourhood Center Opportunities: Build Around Existing Shopping Street

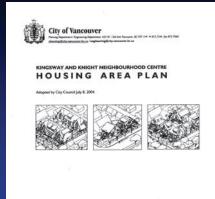


# 30,000 + Units Outside Central Area Create/Expand 19 Neighbourhood Centers









**Neighbourhood Centre** 

### **Process**

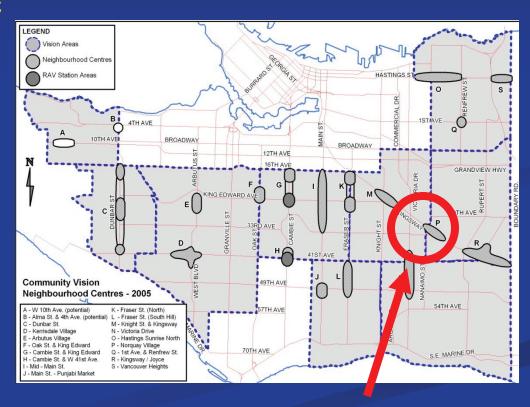
14 Months

Per Centre

- 1. Vancouver CityPlan
- Community Vision (Area Plans)
- 3. Neighbourhood Centres Program
  - Housing Area Plan
  - Shopping Area Program
  - New Schedules, Rezonings

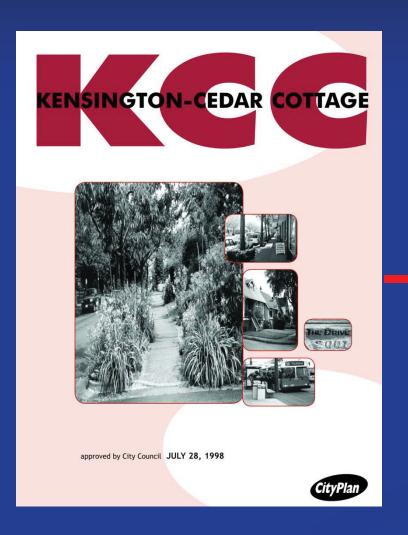
# CityPlan Sets Directions for Neighourhood Centres, Visions Locate

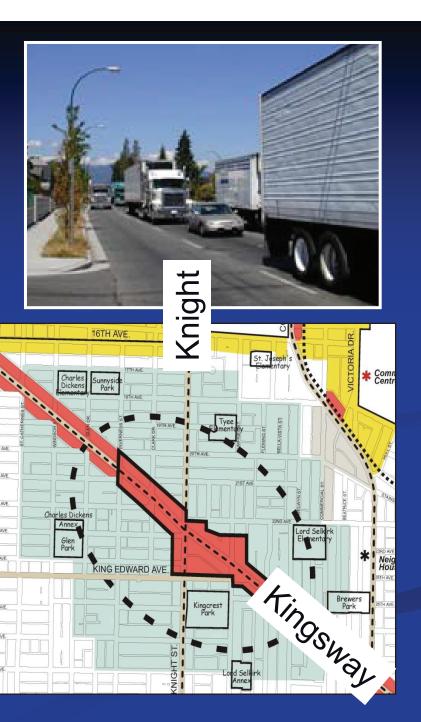
- Strengthen shopping areas and create public places
- Add housing to support commercial/ shopping
- Cluster Community Services
- Convenient for walking, biking, transit



**Knight & Kingsway** 

## Community Vision To Neighbourhood Center: Knight & Kingsway







- Kick-off
- Newsletters
- Translation
- Open houses
- Work Groups
  - Shopping
  - Housing
- Survey
- Plan

14 months

















## Community wants:

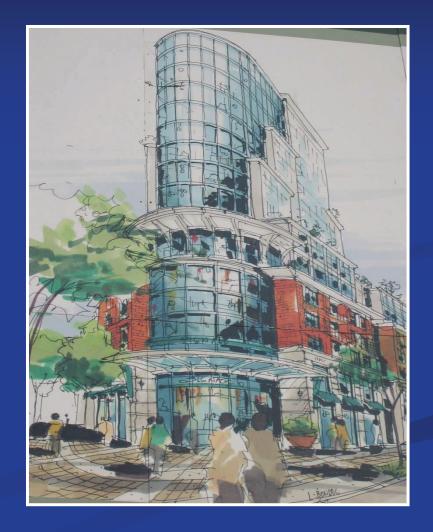
- To Close Flea Market
- New Grocery Store and Library



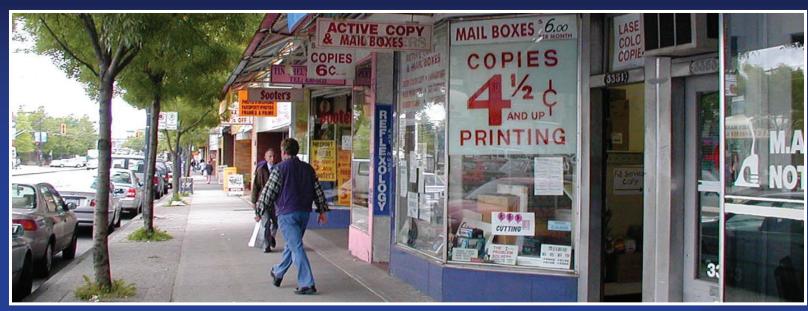
## Signature Re-Development 373 Units Plus Shops, Library





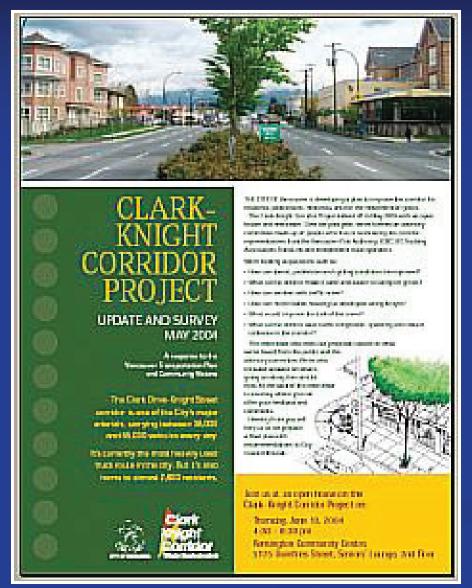


## Improve Shopping Street





## Improve Local Bus Service Address Traffic Issues



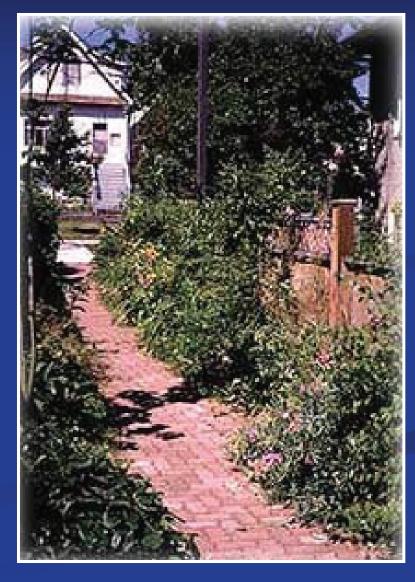






# Create Neighbourhood Greenways





## Housing Surrounding the Center?

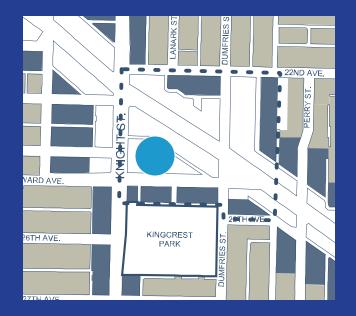


Existing: 1,500 "Single-Family" Homes









### Three Storey Apartments

 Surround Signature Development at heart of neighbourhood centre



High Rise King Edward Village

## **Housing Above Shops**



# Behind the shops?









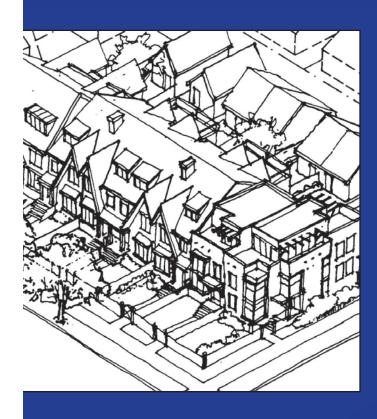
### The HAWG

(Housing Area Working Group)

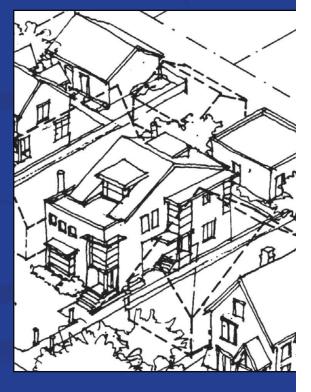
- assessed housing types
- community perspective
- provide input to process and content

### An Exploration of New Housing Types

- A menu of housing varieties
- Community & Developers Advise







# Identify "House-like" qualities

- ground-oriented
- own front door
- front porches
- useable outdoor space
- multiple exposures
- suitable to different family types



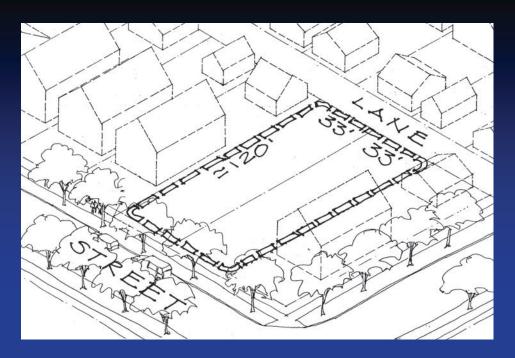


### Neighbourliness

- neighbourly massing and adjacencies
- design guidelines for new construction and renovation





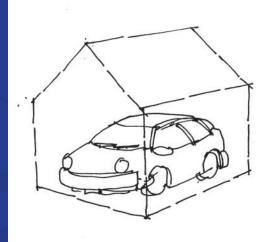


### Consider

Affordability

### +Developability

- one parking space per unit, at-grade
- small land assemblies: 2 3 lots
- pre-zoning by City



### Kingsway and Knight New Housing Types





RM-1 Courtyard Rowhouse

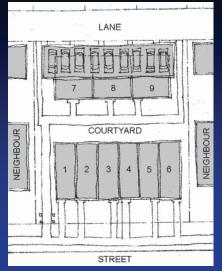
RT-10 Small House / Duplex

Units 1,200 – 2,400 Sq. Feet. 25-46 Units Per Acre

## Courtyard Rowhouses RM-1

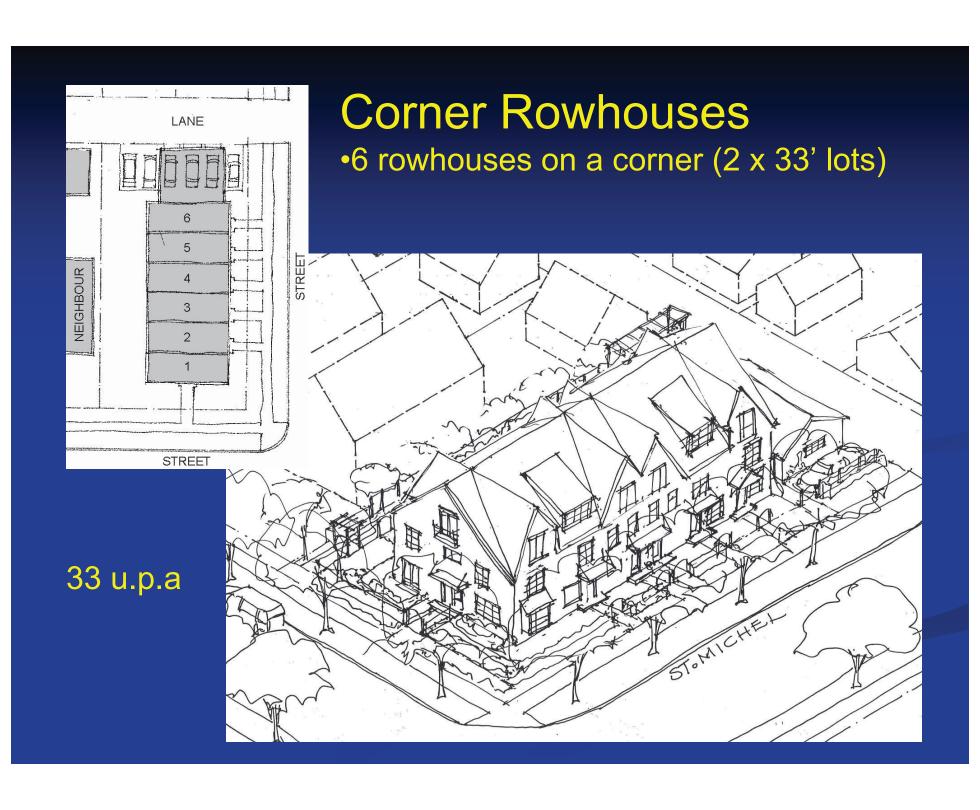
0.9 fsr on 2 x 33' lots, 6 units

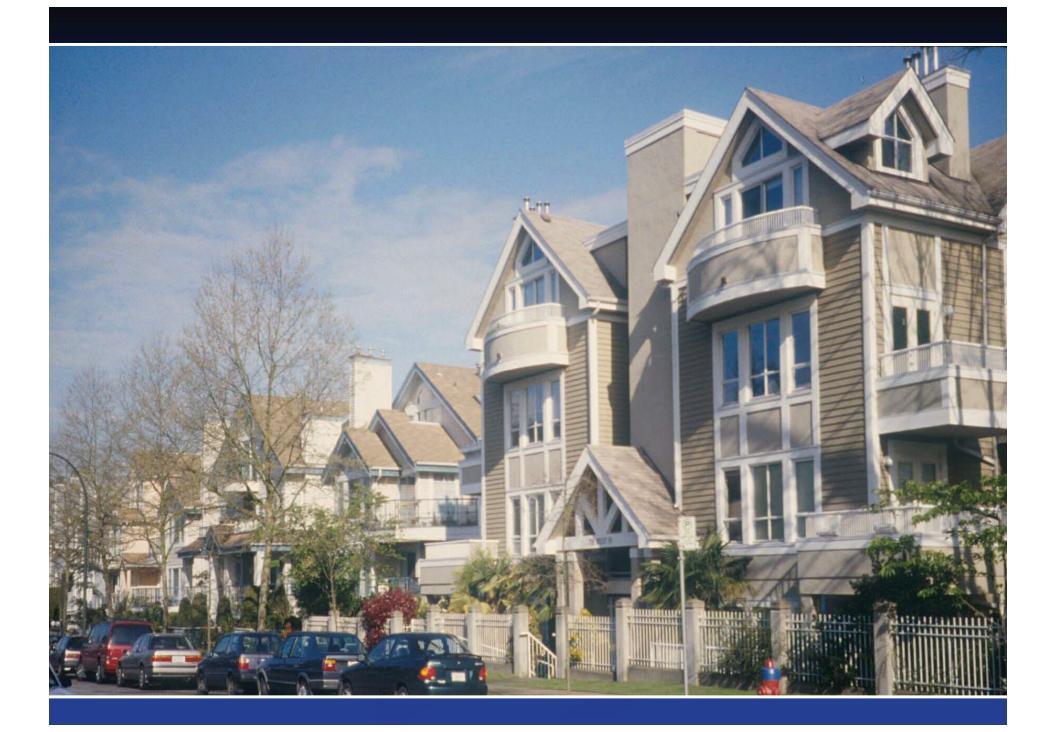




36 u.p.a.

1,300 s.f.





## Courtyard Rowhouses – RM-1

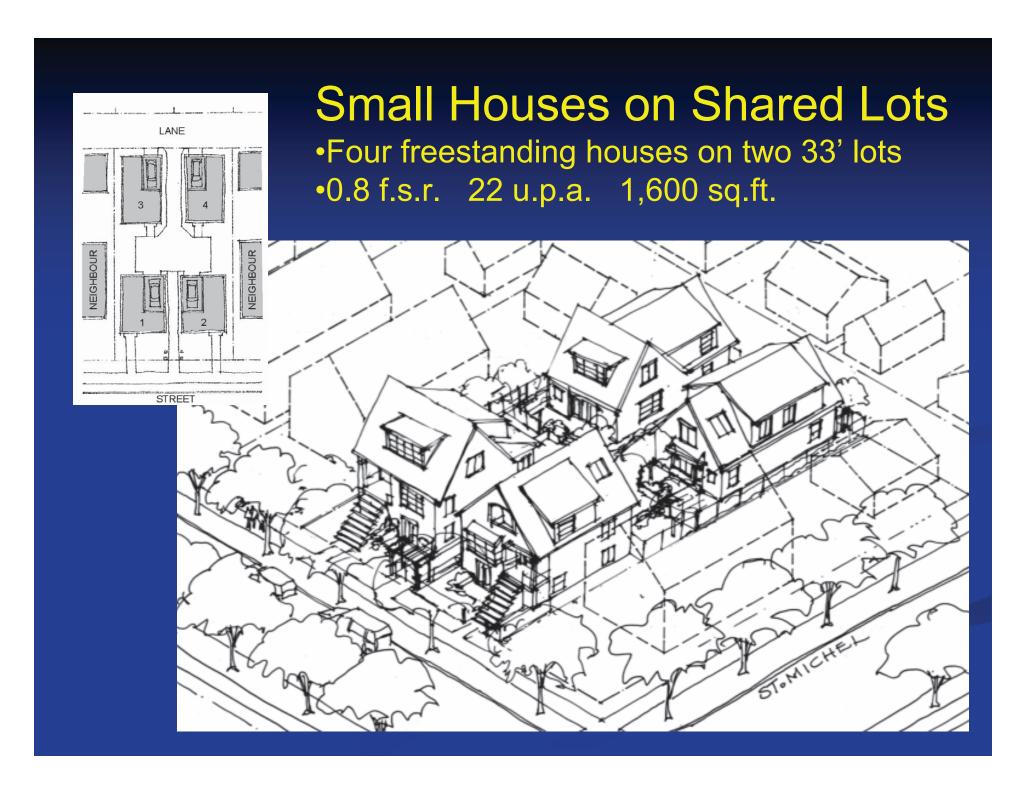


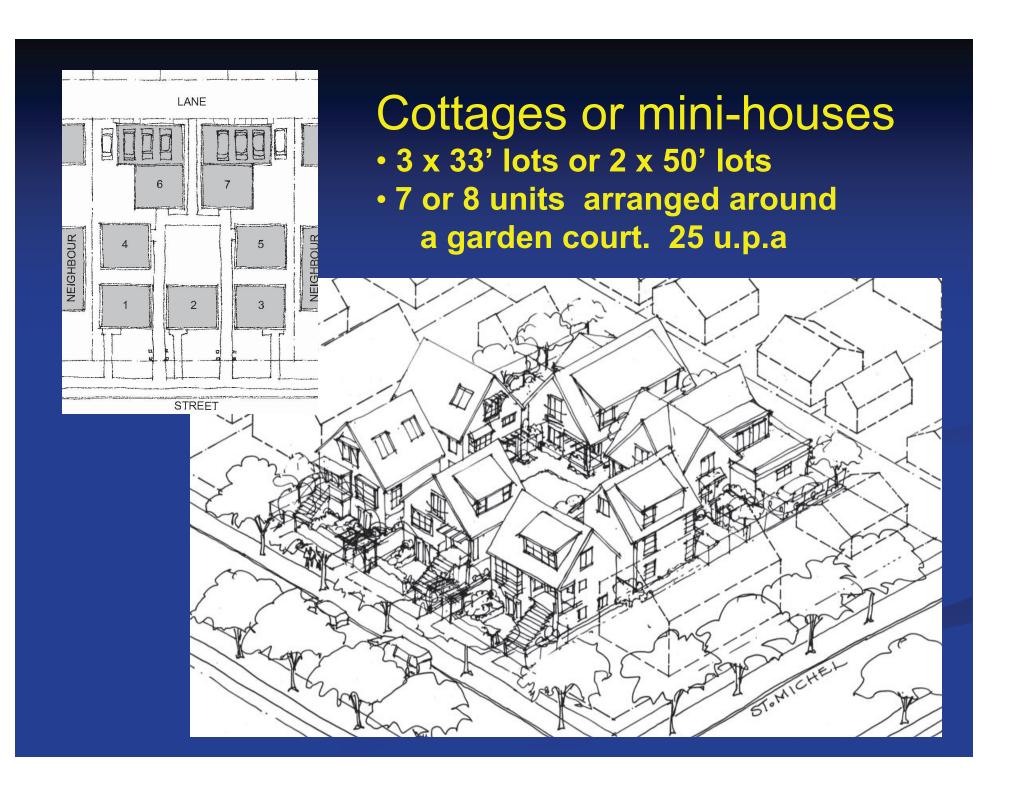
1.0 fsr on 3 x 33' lots, 9 units 42 u.p.a., 1,300 s.f.



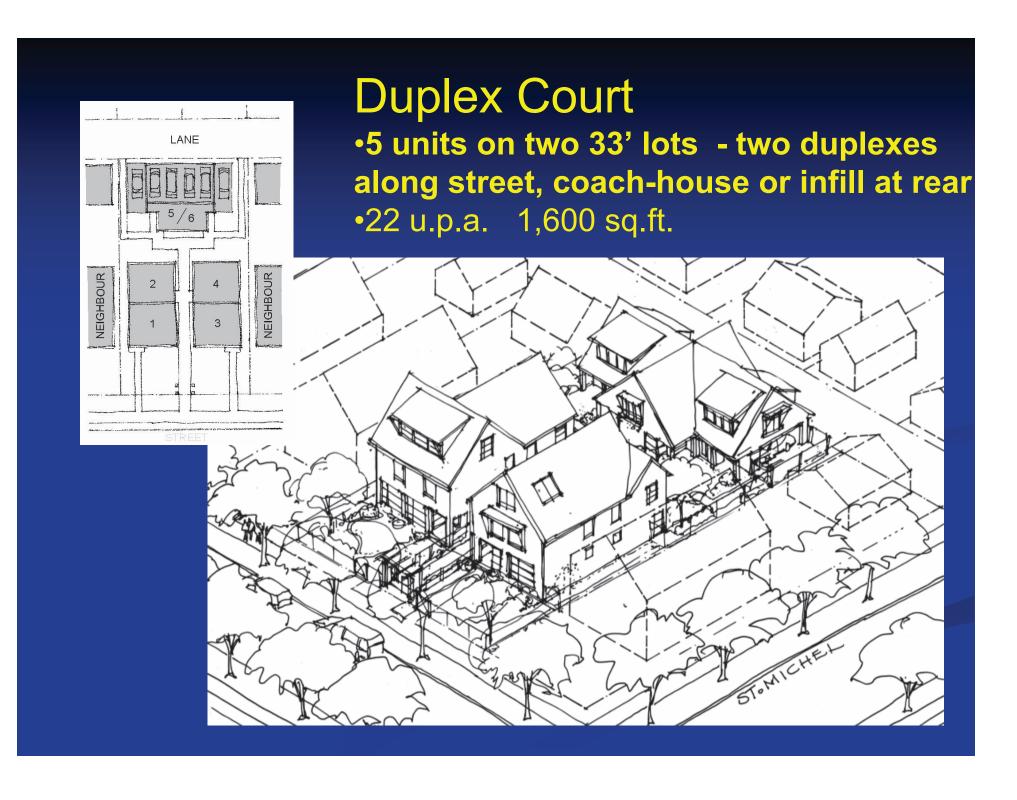
#### **Existing Homes**

**New Homes** 



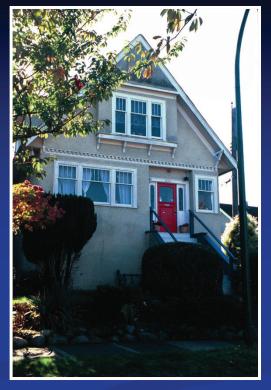








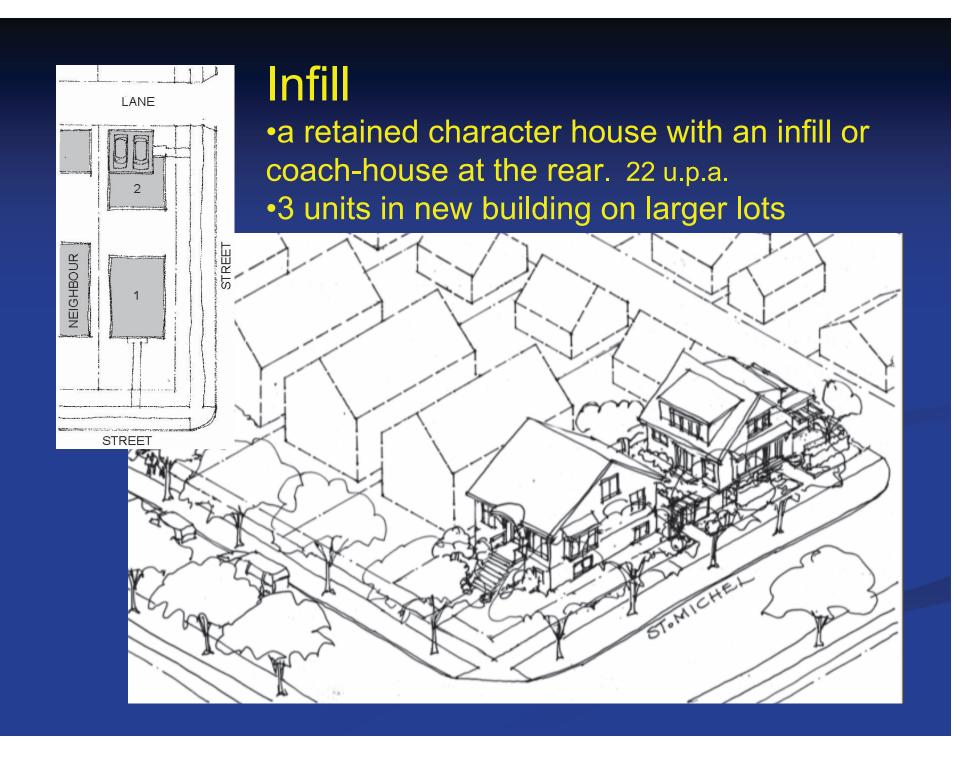
# Incentives to Retain Character Houses













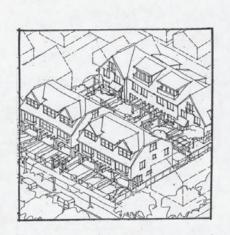


#### courtyard rowhouse

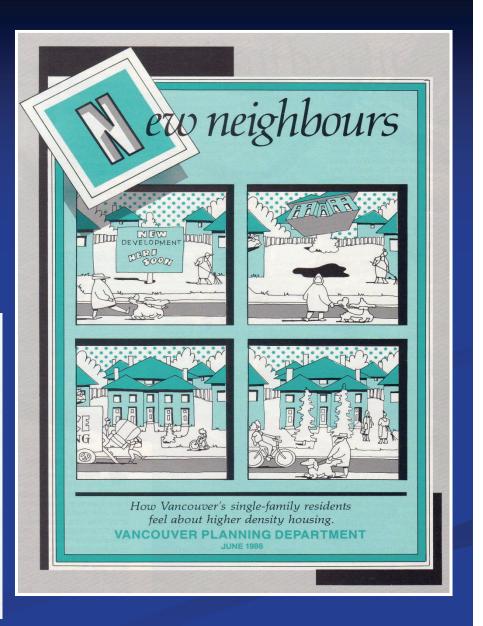


small house/duplex

## Impact Analysis







## Surveys:

- Mail in
- Scientific Sample

Does Community **Support New** Zones?

64% - 72% Yes



#### Kingsway & Knight

#### **Neighbourhood Centre DELIVERY PROGRAM**

LOOK INSIDE FOR CHINESE EDITION | 为附有中文版本



#### DRAFT PLAN FOR **FUTURE HOUSING IN** YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD!

#### **IMPORTANT SURVEY ENCLOSED!**

Please read the information about the possible future housing, and answer the survey questions in the text. Then transfer your answers to the mailback response form on the last page. Cut it out and mail it back by

April 24, 2004.

Postage is paid for you.

PLEASE KEEP THE REST OF THE **NEWSLETTER** after you send the survey response form. We are also conducting a random telephone survey, and may call you. The questions will be the same, and you'll want a record of your answers.



Neighbourhood Centre Study Area

#### **SURVEY**



#### CONTENTS

- 1. Background
- 2. New Housing Zones
- 2a. Courtyard Rowhouse Zone 2b. Small House/Duplex Zone
- 3. Locations for New **Housing Zones**
- 4. Design Guidelines
- 5. Linkages and Greening
- 6. Additional Information
- 7. Other News

#### 1.BACKGROUND

#### PLANNING MORE HOUSING VARIETY: IMPLEMENTING THE KCC COMMUNITY

The KCC Community Vision was approved by City Council in 1998. It was the result of 2 years work by KCC residents, with City staff, to create a 20 year Vision for the community's future. The Vision is based on CityPlan directions, community needs and aspirations, and is being used to guide City actions. The Neighbourhood Centre Delivery Program (NCDP) is an initiative with City Planning and Engineering staff working with the neighbourhood to implement some important

One major focus of the NCDP is to improve the Kingsway shopping area. You probably received the January 2004 newsletter/survey about proposed improvements. (See Other News.)

This newsletter and survey is about another major part of the NCDP: planning for new types of small scale housing in the neighbourhood. It describes the possible housing zones and locations, design guidelines, and improvements to linkages and greening.

Once the survey results have been analysed, City staff will finalize a Housing Area Plan to go forward to City Council for approval. Anyone with opinions on the Plan will be able to speak to Council. After that, staff will be writing new zoning and guidelines, following the adopted Plan. Before any rezoning occurs, there will be a Public Hearing at which any person affected will be able to address Council

#### **OPEN HOUSES**

Want more information about the housing discussed in this newsletter and survey? Come to one of the Open Houses!

> Wednesday April 14 & **Thursday April 15** 4 to 8 pm **Croatian Cultural Centre** 3250 Commercial Dr.

#### HOUSING AREA WORKING GROUP



Housing Area Working Group (HAWG)

Jeffry Ma, Jeff Nulty, Colin Boyd, Kim Nulty, Gary Shilling. hlwend, Kevin Kleparchuk, Ken Lee, Sheree Haydu, Jules Bodn Howe Tong, Cristina Rucci, Charlotte Burke, Gerald Langson ata: Rab Gilfayle, Mayis Dixan

community



#### **NEW HOUSING IN THE KCC COMMUNITY VISION**

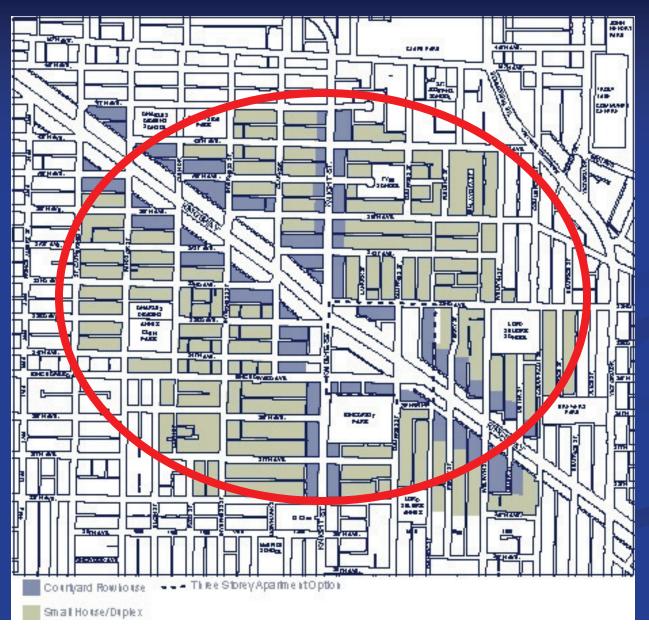
The 1998 KCC Community Vision includes the following approved Direction about new housing variety to allow residents to live in the community in all ages and stages of their lives. It received substantial support from KCC residents (64% agreed, 15% neutral, and 21% disagreed).
"21.1 Rowhouses, Four- and Sixplexes, Duplexes

More housing variety should be provided by rowhouses, four- and sixplexes, and duplexes, which have many of the features of single family but would cost less than a new house. Among the conditions that should be met for this new type of housing are:

- In defined areas, not just anywhere
- · With design contrak to be attractive and fit into the peinblourhood
- · Built in small projects rather than in large ones
- With small green mini-parks and green links

The Vision identified the area around the Kingsway and Knight shopping area as one of the locations for the new housing type:

## Public Hearing For New Housing Zones









#### City Pre-Zones Land for:

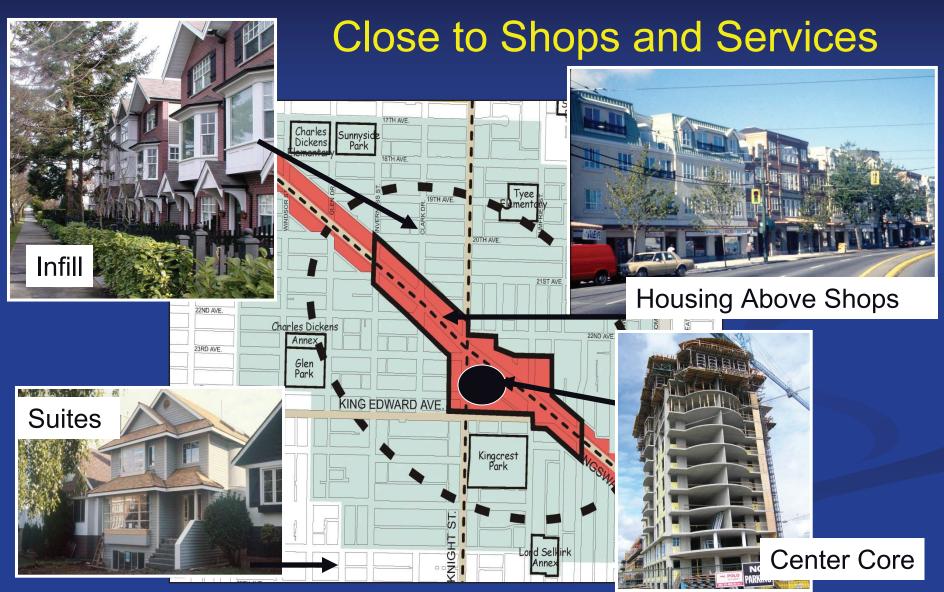
- RM-1 Courtyard Rowhouse Zone
- RT-10 Small House and Duplex Zone Add 800 homes, +2,400 residents







# Neighbourhood Centers Provide Housing Choice & Accessibility





City Plan → Area Plans → Neighbourhood Centers

Process 3 Steps over 10 years
Plus More Centre Programs

## Increasing Housing Choice Lessons From Vancouver

- 1. Politicians Play Leadership Role
- 2. Involve the public its their home Establish Partnerships to Implement Plans
- 3. Bring Funds to table to finance services and amenities
- 4. Density Improves Sustainability
- No "Quick Fixes"
   Seek Sustainable Solutions
   Building Livable Cities is a lifetime commitment



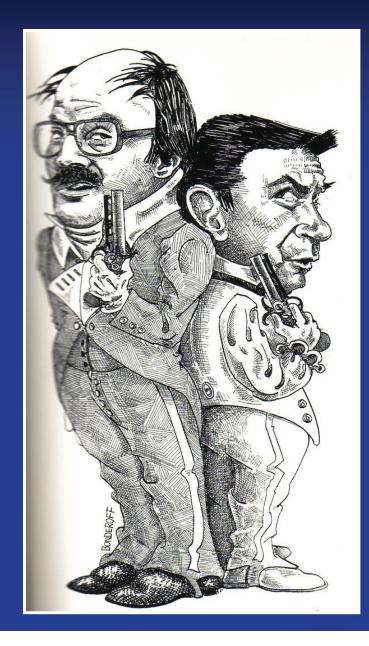








#### Consistent Leadership

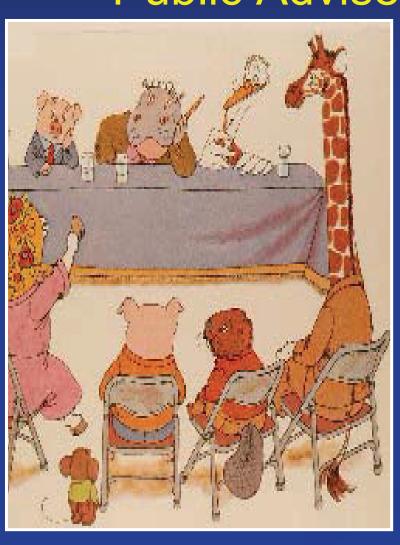


"Left" and "Right" Shared Values:

- Livable / Sustainable Neighbourhoods
- Require Growth to Pay for Services
- City \$ Support Affordable Housing

Builds Creditability & Accountability

# Planning to Plan: Clarify Roles Up Front – Public Advises - Council Decides



- Council AdoptedTerms of Reference
- Clarify Community Role
- Clarify what not on the table

## 2. Partnerships Help Plan and Build City

- Community
- Local Businesses
- Developers







No More "DAD" Decide, Announce, Defend "River Rafting"
All Stakeholders
in the Boat



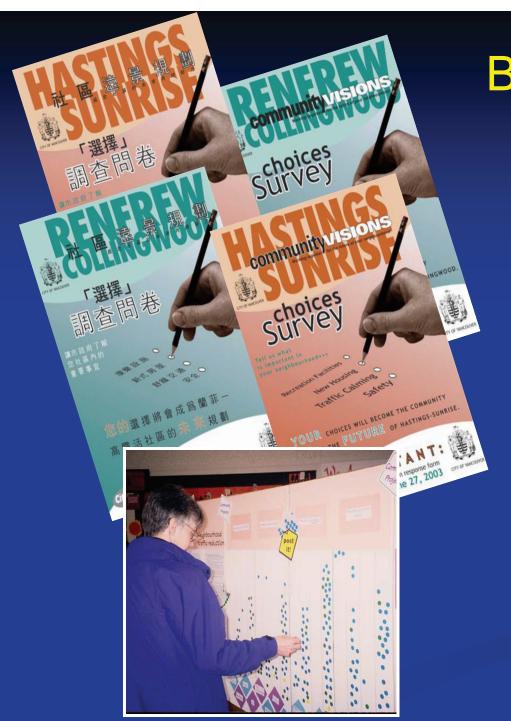
## Citizen Advisory Groups: Accountability



Community Groups
Advise Staff on Process



City Perspectives Panel
Advise Community Bring other
Community Perspectives



## Broad Public Input

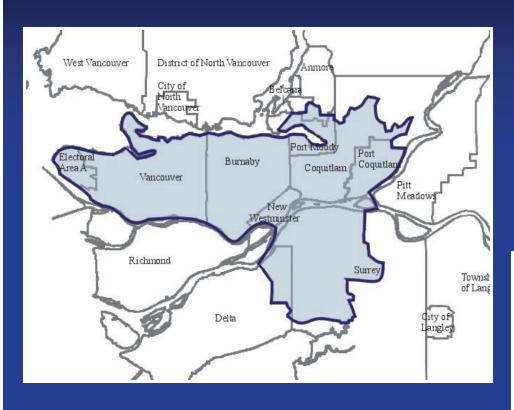




## Council Attends Planning Events



#### Public Addresses Difficult Choices



Growth

**Funding** 



# Residents Focus on Their Housing Needs: Personalize Choices





Type of Household	1991 Existing*	2021 Estimated	Change
First Households 15 - 24 years; mainly singles, couples, or sharing	130	105	-25
Established Couples and Singles 25 - 54 years; no children	1325	1115	-210
Families with Children 25 - 54 years; with children at home	2810	2400	-410
Mature Households over 55 years; mainly no children, or have left home	2465	4660	+2195
Total Households	6730	8280	+1550



## Involving Citizens

"Tell me, I forget.

Show me, I remember.

Involve me, I understand."

**Chinese Proverb** 

# Participation = Community Spirit= Residents Improve Neighbourhood

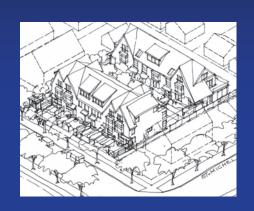




# Over 70 Citizen Implementation Committees Involving Over 1,000 people Balance Process With Products



#### "NIMBY" to "YIMBY"







- Build community contacts and good will over time
- Actively engage residents and building industry
   Considering information, choices, options
- Bring "goodies" to the table

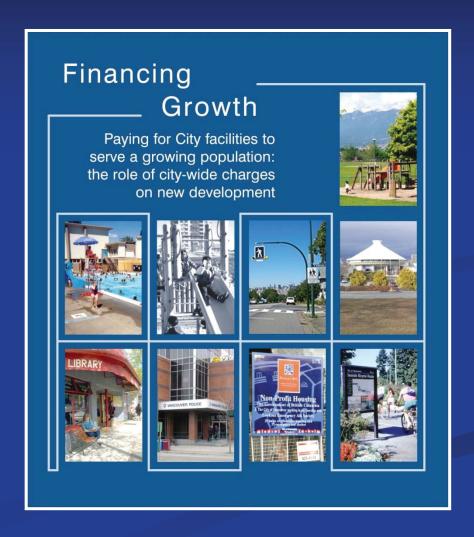
## 3. Financing City Services



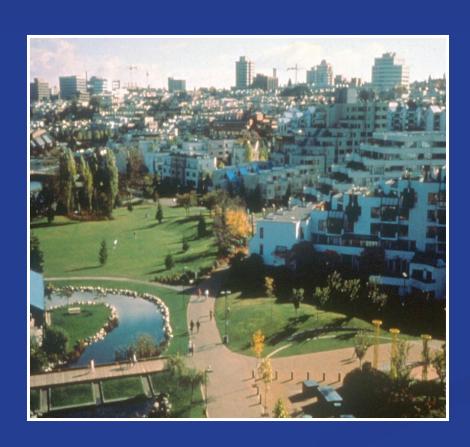
- Required to Balance Budget
- Limited Revenue Sources
  - Property Taxes (50%)
  - User Fees for Services and to reduce Waste & Pollution (45%)
  - Senior Government Grants & Programs (2%)
  - Interest, other (3%)

#### CityPlan Financing Growth Directions

- Rationalize Existing Resources
  - Do more with the resources we have
  - Re-direct existing funds to new initiatives.
- New Growth Pays for Services



## Developers of Large Sites Required to Provide Infrastructure, Affordable Housing, Parks, Daycare to City Standards





## Small Sites: City-Wide Development Cost Levies (DCLs) "In Kind" or "Cash"

### Recover 80% 0f Growth Costs

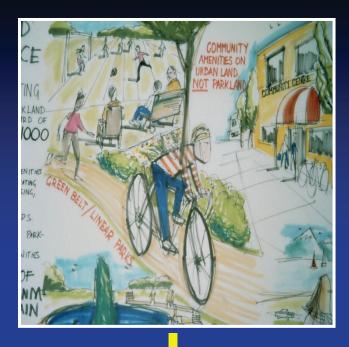


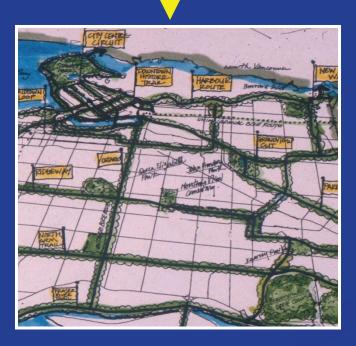


#### DCL Revenue Allocated to:

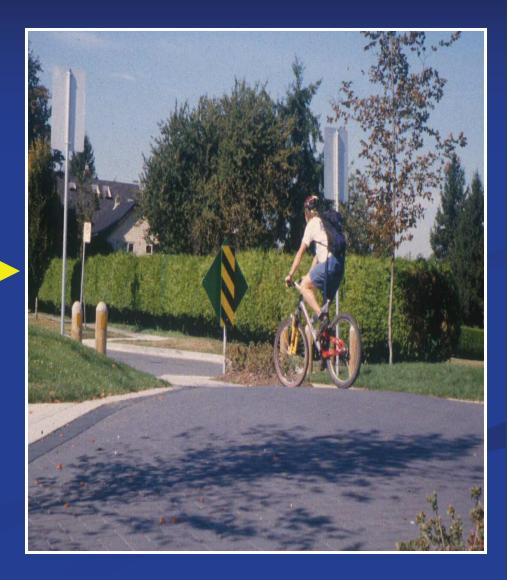
- Parks (41%)
- Replacement Housing (32%)
- Transportation (22%)
- Childcare (5%)







## Build Creditability: Ideas Into Action





## Implementation: City Projects Driven by Community Priorities







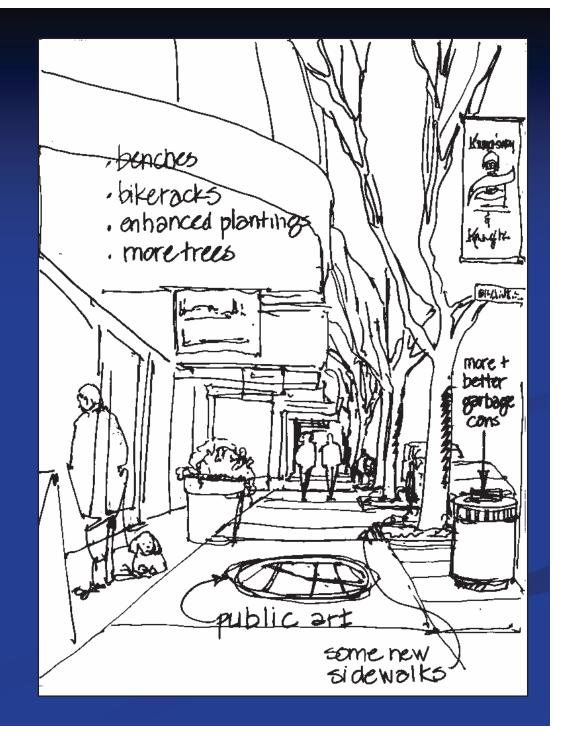


#### Neighbourhood Centre Program: Show Good Faith - - New Housing Combined with Shopping Area Improvements



# Initiatives to Support Local Businesses and Improve Services: \$2.4 Million

- Street / Public Realm Improvements
- Community Facilities
- Create BIABusiness Improvement Association

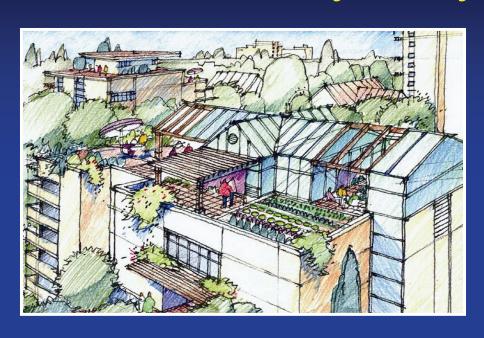


Knight &
Kingsway =
Developer
Provides
New Library





#### 4. Sustainability "Way of Doing Business"

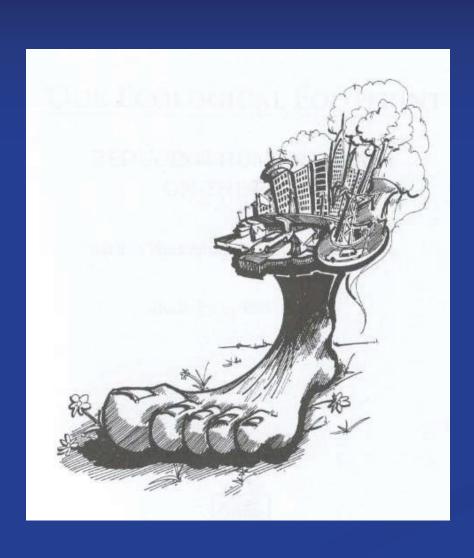








## Suburban Density Contributes to Sustainability



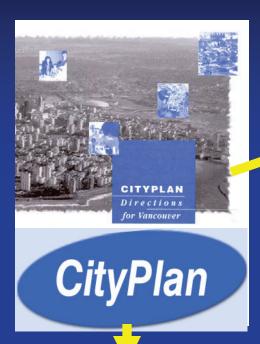
- Centers local jobs and housing reduce travel pollution/congestion.
- Higher densities support transit.
- Higher densities more efficient use of services.
- Infill reduces pressure on farm lands.
- Housing mix supportsSocial sustainability

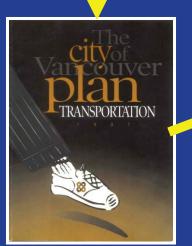
5. Planning Process:

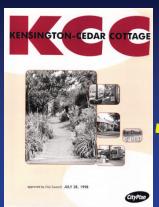
No "Quick Fixes"
Building Livable,
Sustainable Cities
is a Lifetime
Commitment

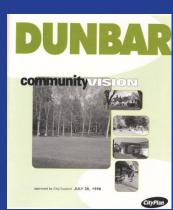


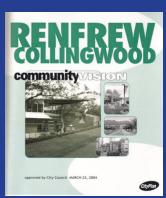
#### Take Bite Size Steps - Coincide with Council Term

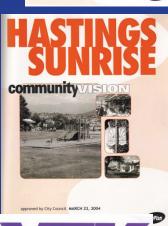


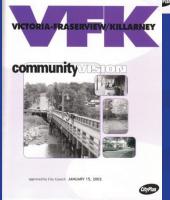






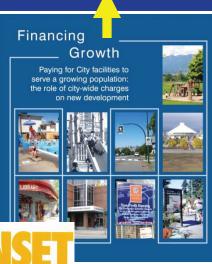








**Neighbourhood Centre** 





The Development of a city can be compared with the creation of a novel.

Everyone is a reader and a co-writer in the development process.

Let us hope that the legacy we leave behind will be a memorable chapter for generations to come.



#### Web References

#### Vancouver

Community Visions & Neighbourhood Centres:

<u>www.vancouver.ca/visions</u>

<u>www.vancouver.ca/planning/neighcentres</u>

<u>www.vancouver-ecodensity</u>

GVRD www.gvrd.bc.ca

Regional Growth Strategy Housing Diversity